



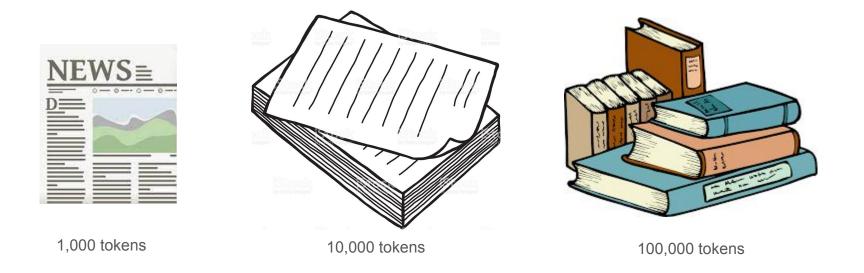


Unlimiformer: Long-Range Transformers with Unlimited Length Input

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The inputs we'd like to work with keep getting bigger...



...and our models don't scale that well



100,000 tokens

- Sparse attention
 - Pretraining is hugely expensive
 - Fixed maximum length
- Hierarchical summarization
 - Cascading errors
 - Can't see the big picture
 - ???

The *length* of the context window is fixed... what about the *content*?

Retrieval-augmented generation



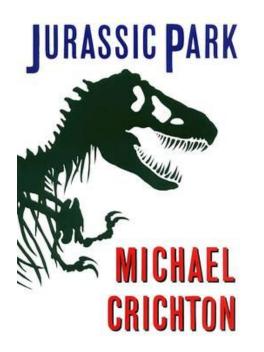
100,000 tokens

RETRO, Memorizing Transformers, etc:

- maintain a "base context" and augment with retrieved text
 - Unlimiformer has no "base context"
- add a layer (or a few layers) that cross attend to both external memory and the context
 - Unlimiformer cross attends only to external memory at every layer
- retrieve from set of relevant documents for QA or full pretraining corpus/recent examples for LM
 - Unlimiformer retrieves from the same long sequence
 - The datastore is static and unique for a single example

Introduction

Do you need every token to write a summary?

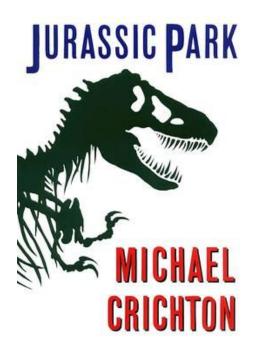


"Grant liked kids"



Introduction

Sometimes tokens are useful later



"Grant liked kids"



Not every token matters at every step

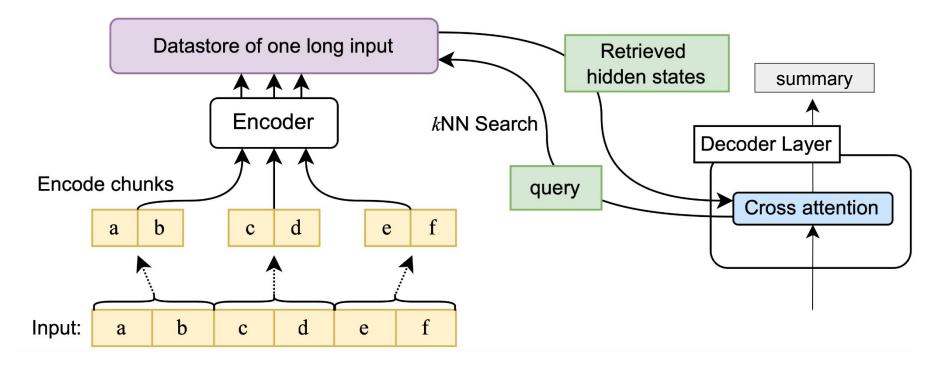
The *length* of the context window is fixed... what about the *content*?

[todo: something else here?]

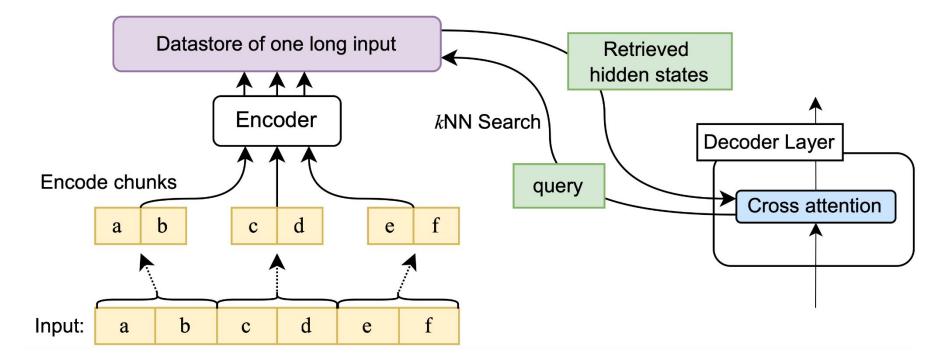
Overview

- Architecture and modeling details
- Results + Efficiency
- Future directions

Unlimiformer

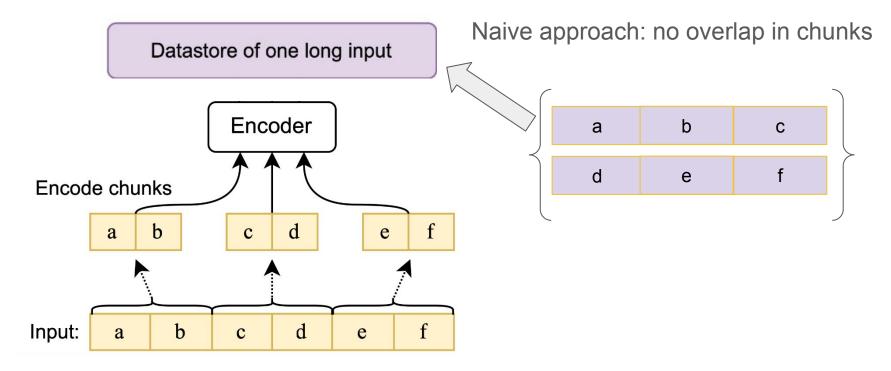


How do we do encoding?



Number of encoder passes: [input len / encoder max len]

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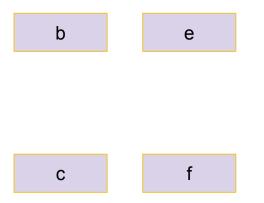
What about context?

embeddings with no left context:



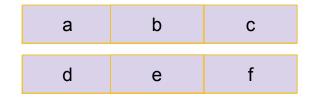
embeddings with left+right context:

embeddings with no right context:



What about positional embeddings?

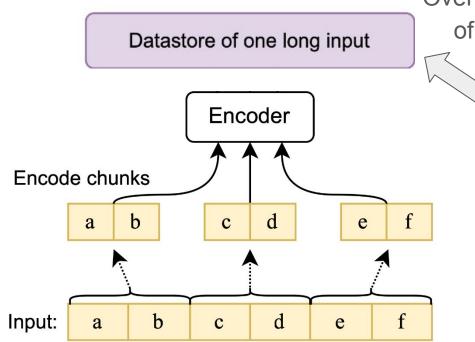
encoding:



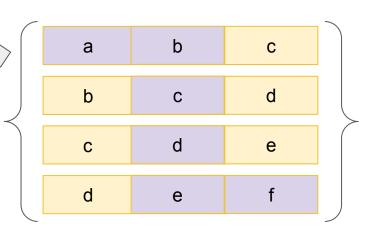
positional embeddings:

а	b	С	d	е	f
1	2	3	1	2	3

How do we do encoding?



Overlapping chunks: all tokens in the middle of the input have left and right context!

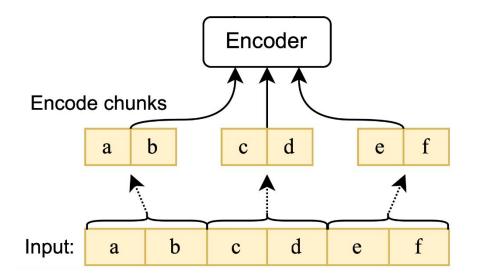


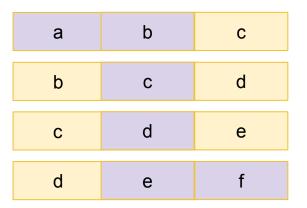
in practice: use embeddings from middle half of window

Number of encoder passes: [input len / (0.5 * encoder max len)] - 1

How do we do encoding?

Overlapping chunks: all tokens in the middle of the input have left and right context!





in practice: use embeddings from middle half of window

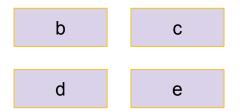
Number of encoder passes: [input len / (0.5 * encoder max len)] - 1

What about context?

embeddings with no left context:

а

embeddings with left+right context:



embeddings with no right context:

f

What about positional embeddings?

encoding:

а	b	С
b	С	d
С	d	е
d	е	f

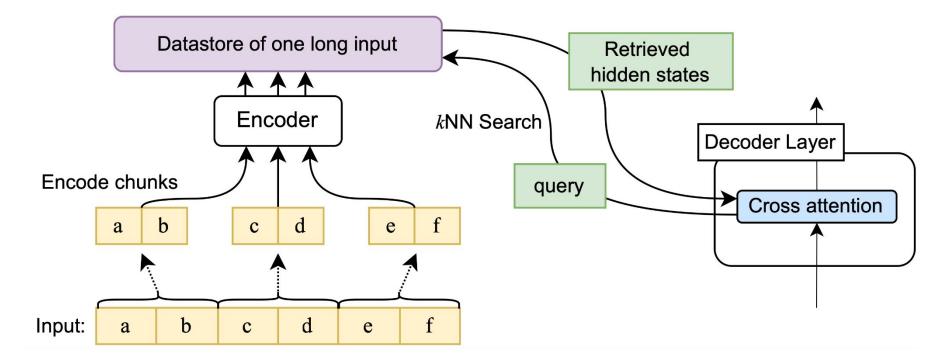
positional embeddings:

а	b	С	d	е	f
1	2	2	2	2	3

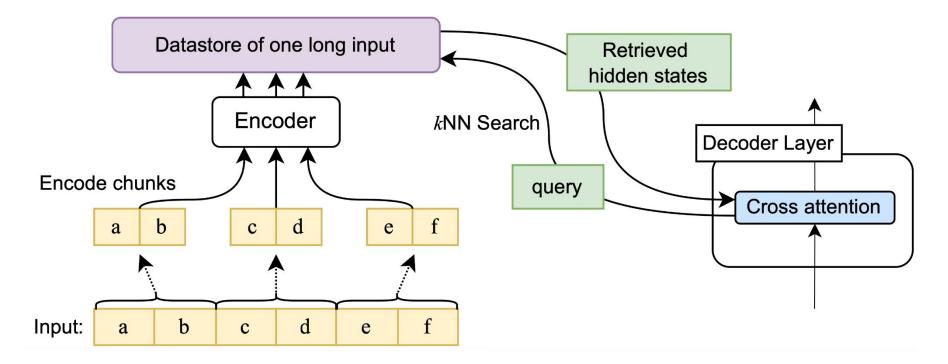
also...

the decoder positional embeddings are unaffected!

What is the datastore?

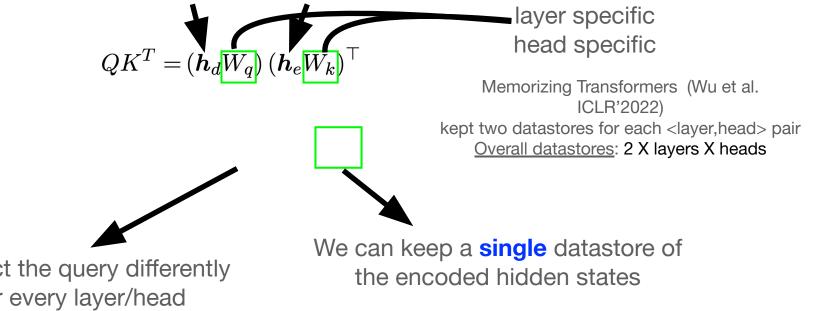


How do we choose the context window?



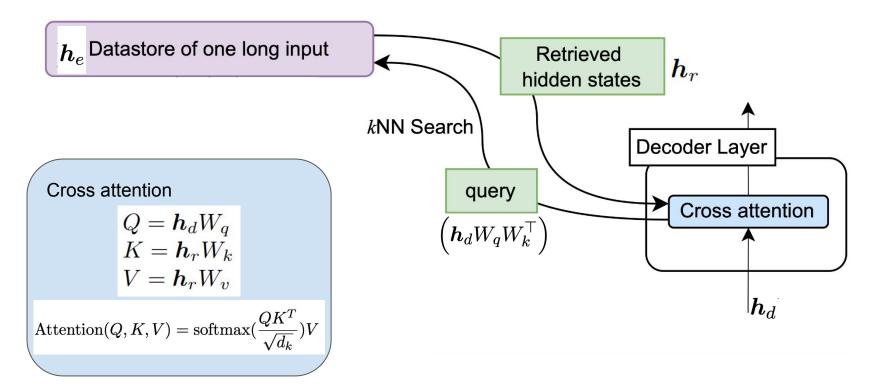
How do we choose the context window? cross-attention

decoder hidden state encoder hidden state



Project the query differently for every layer/head

How do we choose the context window?

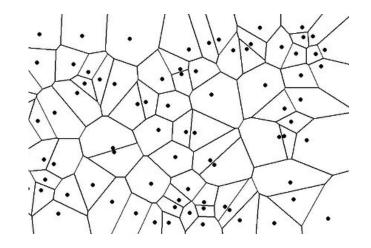


How do we do efficient search?

Datastore of one long input

FAISS search:

- Supports datastores on GPU, CPU, or disk
- Approximate
- Sublinear



Data augmentation (not Unlimiformer-specific!)

standard finetuning

IIIRACCIC DARK full-book summary

chunked finetuning

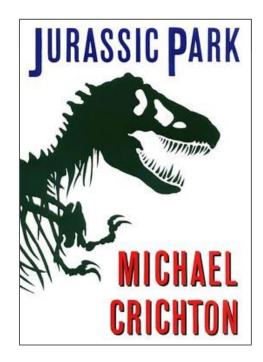
IIIRACCIC DARK	full-book summary
	full-book summary
	full-book summary
AND AN ANTIMATION	full-book summary
	full-book summary
	full-book summary
MICUACI	full-book summary
ODIOUTON	full-book summary
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Training

How do we train Unlimiformer?

Summarize:

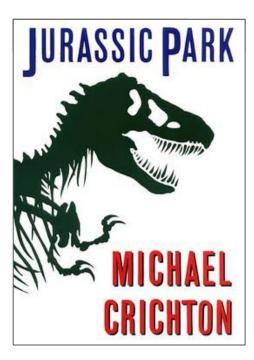
Running example: book summarization



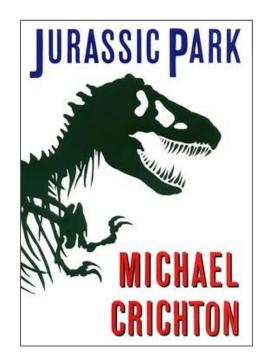
117,645 words

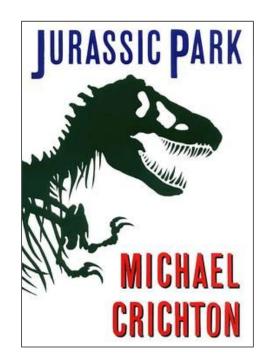
Normal training: truncating all inputs

During training:



During early stopping:





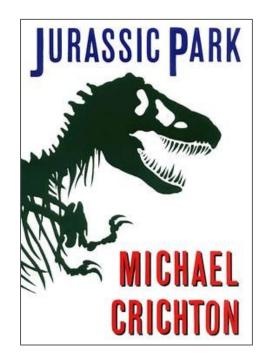
Adding Unlimiformer after training

During training:



During early stopping:



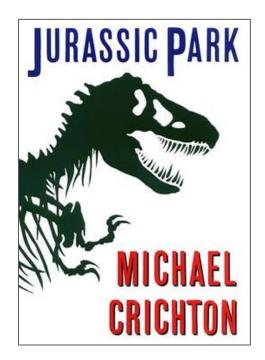


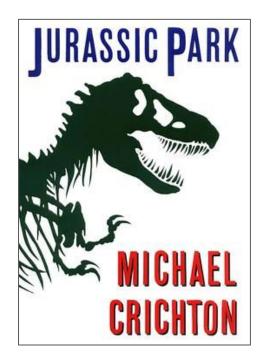
Low cost training: Unlimiformer-aware early stopping

During training:



During early stopping:



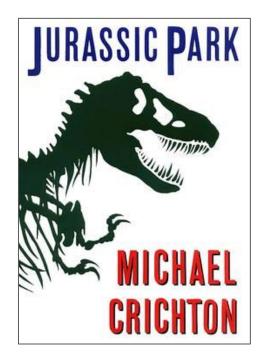


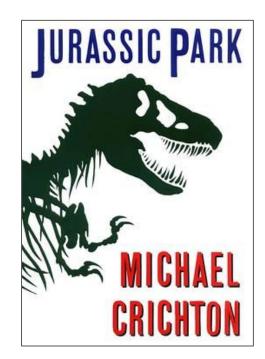
Higher cost training methods

During training:

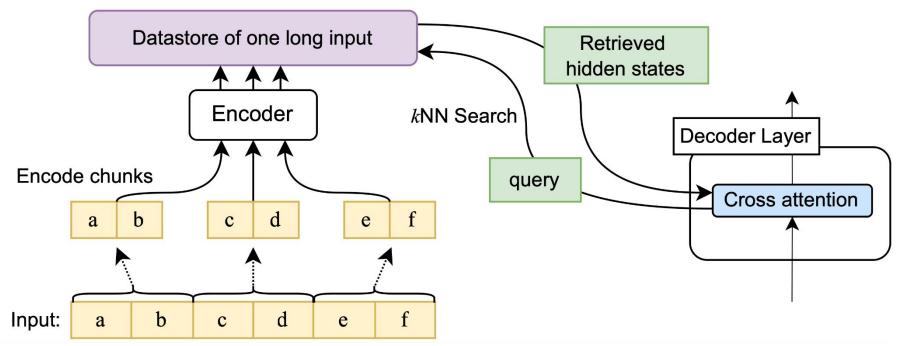


During early stopping:

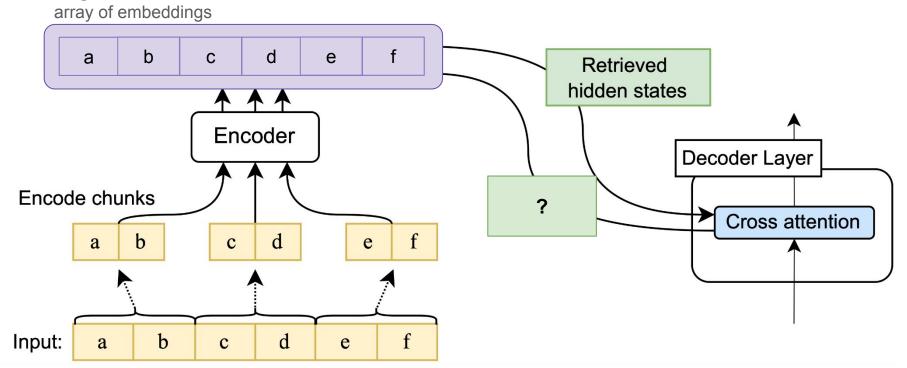




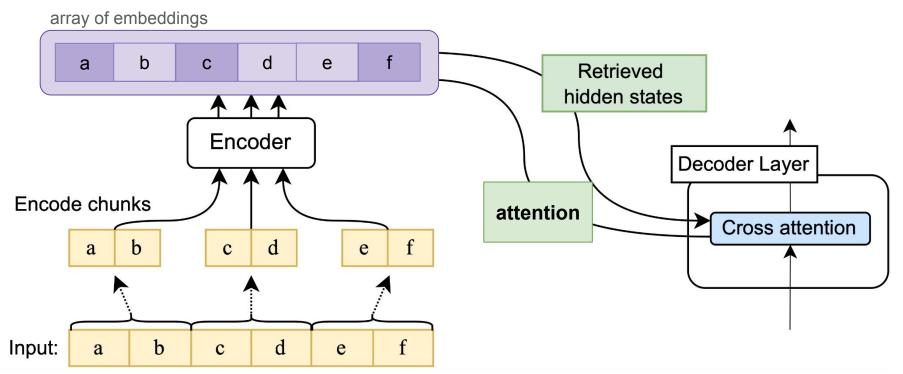
Higher cost training: which embeddings to backprop through?



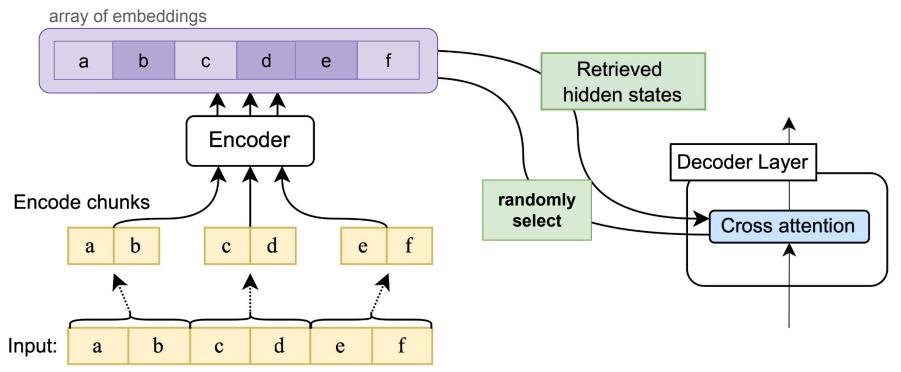
Higher cost training: which embeddings to backprop through?



Higher cost training: retrieval training

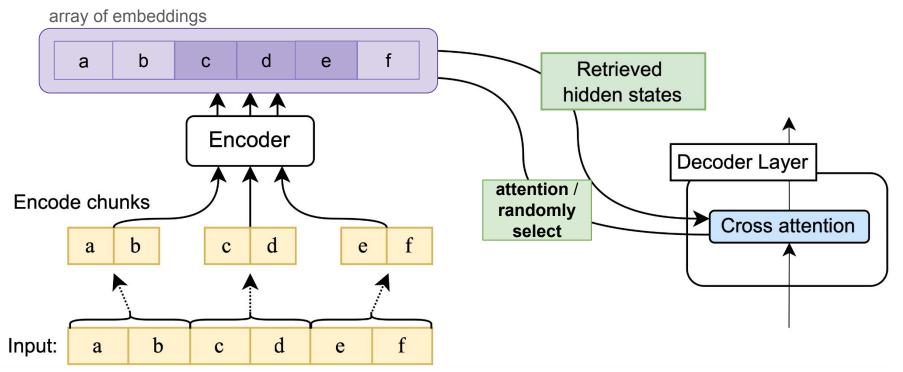


Higher cost training: random-encoded



Training

Higher cost training: alternating

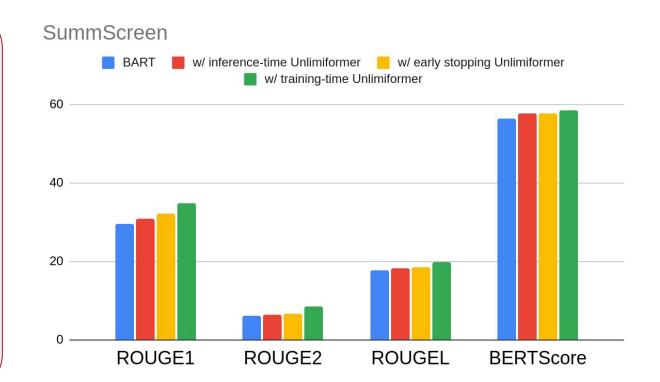


Results on SummScreen

Domain: TV screenplays

Avg input length: 8,987

Avg output length: 137



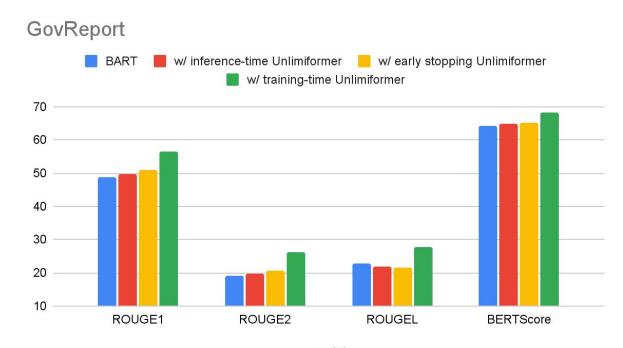
Results

Results on GovReport

Domain: government reports

Avg input length: 9,616

Avg output length: 597



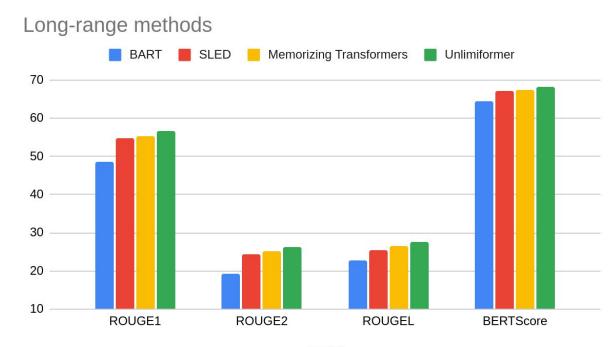
model

Comparison to other long-range methods [GovReport]

Domain: government reports

Avg input length: 9,616

Avg output length: 597



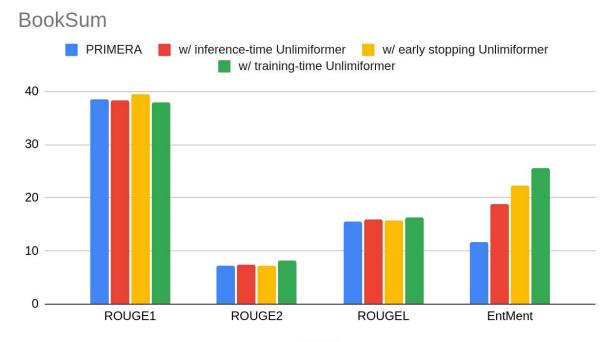
model

Results on BookSum

Domain: public-domain novels

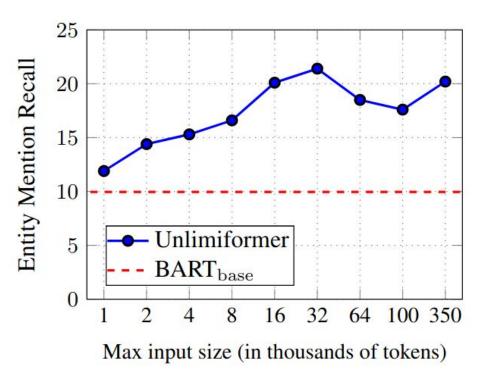
Avg input length: 143,301

Avg output length: 1,294



EntMent

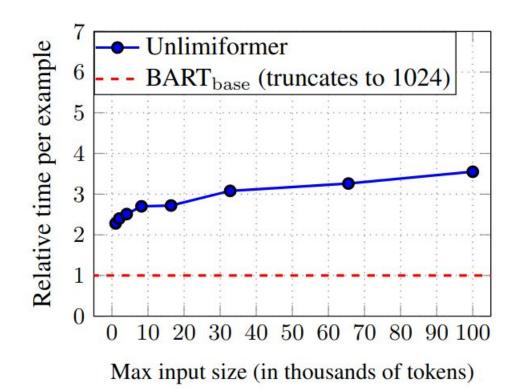
Idea: important to include entities from the gold summary



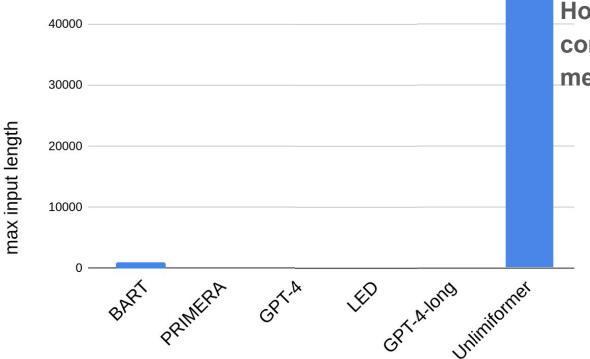
Computational cost

Additional cost from:

- Encoding additional input
- Datastore construction
- Datastore search



What's the max input length?



How big is your computer's memory?

What (could be) next?

- Decoder-only models with Unlimiformer: LLaMA and Falcon
- Multi-doc summarization with Unlimiformer

- Better evaluation for long text
- Generation of long text
- Training to include *all* input







questions?









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